AI ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SUMMIT

Nuts and Bolts: Modular AI from the Ground Up

Kevin Dill
Christopher Dragert
Troy Humphreys

GDC GAME DEVELOPERS CONFERENCE March 14–18, 2016 · Expo: March 16–18, 2016 #GDC16

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Abstract

What is Modular AI?

- It's a way to structure your AI Architecture
  - Applies to state machines, behavior trees, HTNs, etc.
- Emphasises small, easily reused modules
- Can be transformative to your development process
  - Fast prototyping, rapid iteration, increased stability

Abstract

The Nuts and Bolts

1. **Academic Underpinnings** (Chris Dragert)
2. **Implementation Details** with **Code Samples** (Kevin Dill)
3. **Shipped Example** and **Architecture Discussion** (Troy Humphreys)

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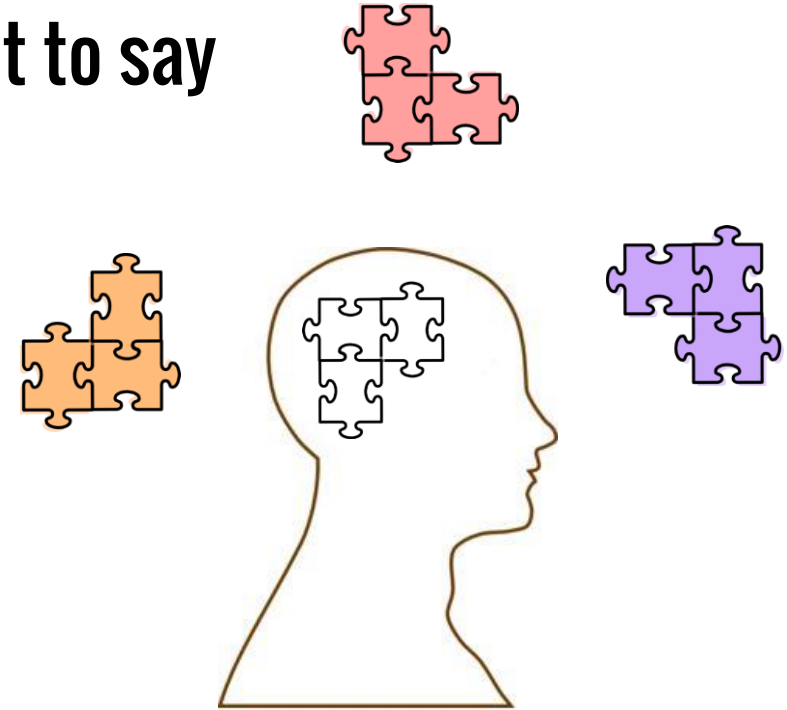
Modular AI

- Software engineering has a lot to say about **modular reuse**
- Apply these principles to **modular AI**



Our Goals

- Learn techniques to develop a suitable **modularization** for your project
- Understand how to manage and reduce **modular complexity**

Complexity

Classifying Complexity

- **Essential complexity**
  - Complexity of the problem itself
- **Accidental complexity**
  - Problems created by us

[Fred Brooks, “No Silver Bullet”, 1986]

Complexity

What drives Modular Complexity?

1. The **Module** itself
2. Complexity of the **Interface**
3. The **Integration** process

Module Complexity

- Good modules do not try to do too much!

- Smaller modules improve **comprehension** by having **singular purpose**

Module Complexity

Limiting Scope

- Separate **cross-cutting concerns**
  - *Example* - Melee combat module selects a target, ranged module selects a target, flee module selects a target…
  - *Solution* - Remove target selection from existing modules, create a **target selection module**

Module Complexity

Control the Size

- Traditional abstraction techniques should be applied
  - Hierarchical Approaches
  - Subsumption and Layering
  - Parallelism

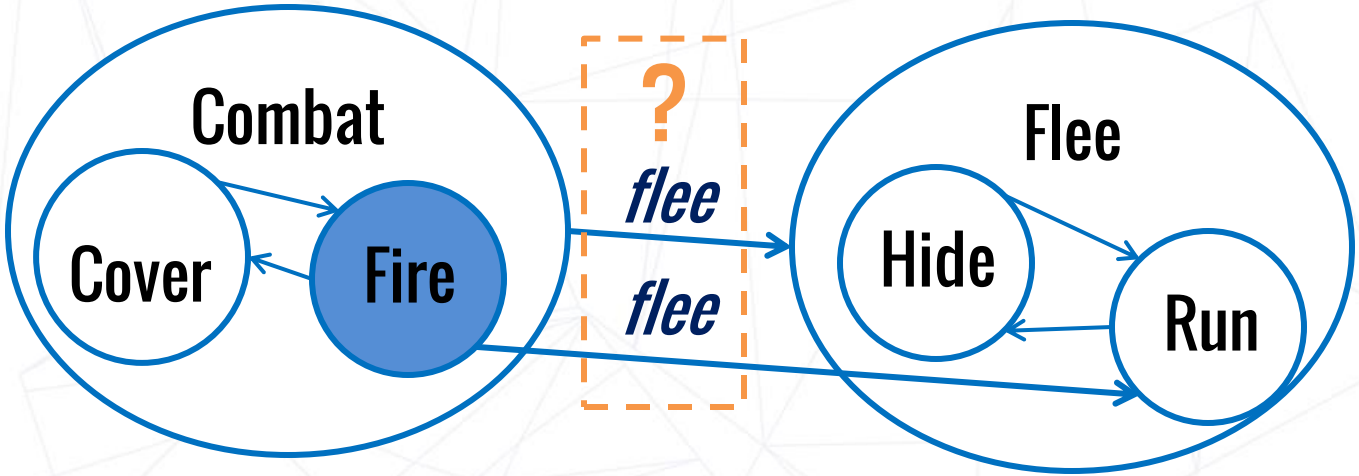
Module Complexity

Well-Defined Semantics

- Your AI logic must operate in a understandable, **well-defined** fashion
- Necessary for **portability** between games

Module Complexity

Semantics Example



- What transition does your implementation take?
  - The new context must make the same choice!

Interface Complexity

Modular Interface

- Communicates the required **context** for the module
- Raises the level of **abstraction**, reducing accidental complexity

Defining the Context

- State machines (event-based formalisms)
  - What **input events** in do you need to handle?
  - What **output events** do you generate?

Interface Complexity

Enemy Position Tracker

Interface Complexity

Enemy Position Tracker

Description: Tracks the position of an enemy
Game: 'Game X' by Ubisoft
Parameters: <T> The type of the enemy entity
Language: C++

Interface Complexity

Enemy Position Tracker

Description: Tracks the position of an enemy
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Input Events

- ev_EnemySpotted(<T> enemy)
- ev_EnemyLost(<T> enemy)

Interface Complexity

Enemy Position Tracker

Description: Tracks the position of an enemy
Game: 'Game X' by Ubisoft
Parameters: <T> The type of the enemy entity
Language: C++

Input Events	Output Events
- ev_EnemySpotted(<T> enemy) - ev_EnemyLost(<T> enemy)	-ev_EnemyPositionChanged (<T> enemy)

Behavior Tree Contexts

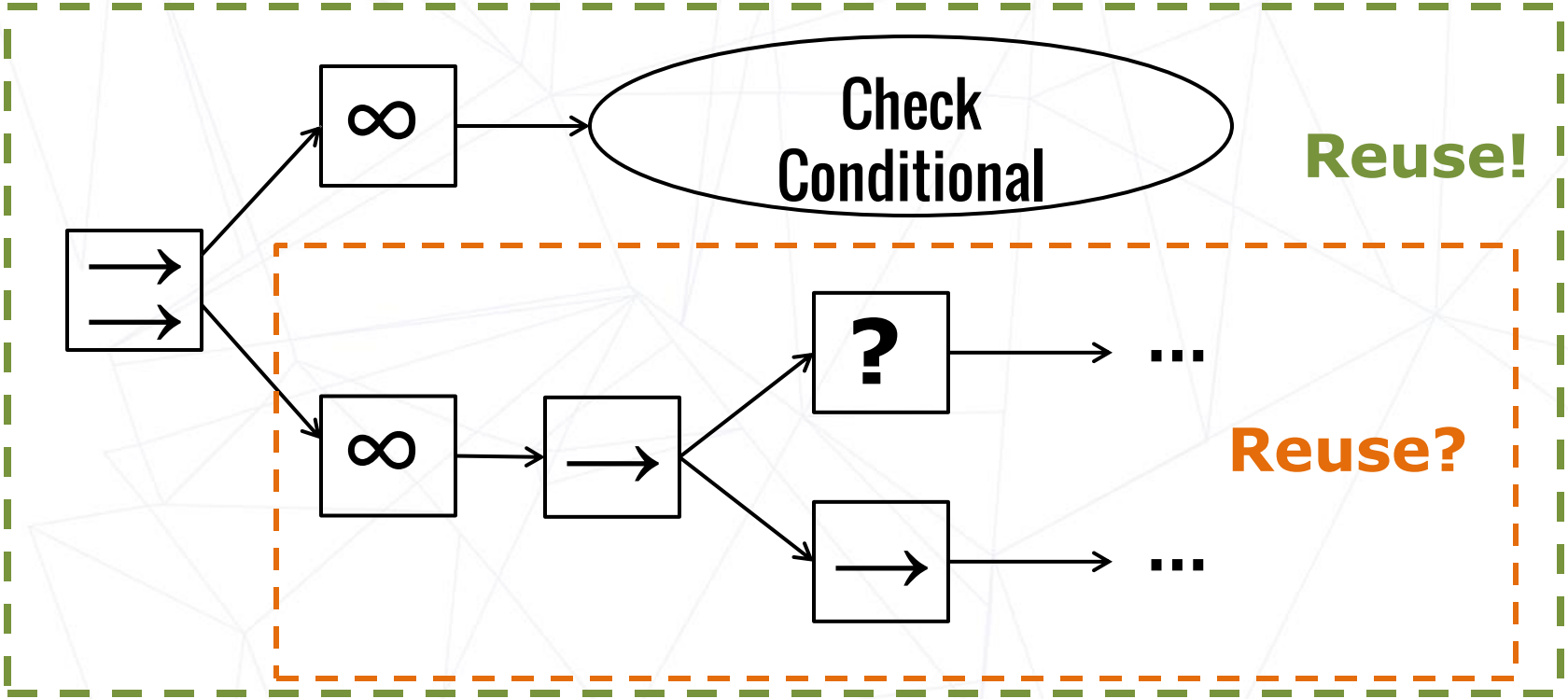
- Primarily data-driven
  - What **blackboard entries** are read (input) and written (output)?
- Not the full story!

Behavior Tree Contexts

- New behavior trees where nodes can return {success, failure, running}
  - What interrupts a running node?
- Tree structure itself

Interface Complexity

Behavior Tree Interfaces



Integration Complexity

Integration Overview

- The essential problem is **connecting** inputs and outputs between modules

- Everything else is **accidental complexity**!

Integration Complexity

- Module **connections** must be derivable solely from the interface
  - This preserves **modular encapsulation**!
- A consistent integration approach can be supported with **tools**

Integration Complexity

Module Coupling

- **Loosely-Coupled**: A missing module impairs only that behavior
- Loosely coupled modules support **fast prototyping** and **rapid iteration**

Integration Complexity

Module Coupling

- **Tightly-Coupled**: Missing modules cause failures, prevent compilation, etc
  - Often caused by **broken encapsulation**
  - Could also be an error in abstracting modular concerns

Integration Complexity

Special Cases

- Special case exceptions break reuse
  - **Sensor**: Reports every `ev_newEnemySpotted` event
  - **Reaction**: `ev_newEnemySpotted` causes a new enemy reaction
  - Event system adds hysteresis, caps generation of `ev_newEnemySpotted` at one per minute
- This is a broken module encapsulation error

Summary

The Payoff

- **Fast Prototyping**
  - Quickly modify functionality by adding and removing modules
- **Fine Tuning**
  - Parameterized module instances allow for customization
- **Better Development Process**
  - Reuse existing behavior, spend time innovating new behaviors

Summary

A good modular approach:

- Uses **small modules** that separate concerns
- Operates with **well-defined semantics**
- Has a **clear interface**
- Preserves modular **encapsulation**
- Uses a **loose-coupling** approach