

Efficient rendering in The Division 2

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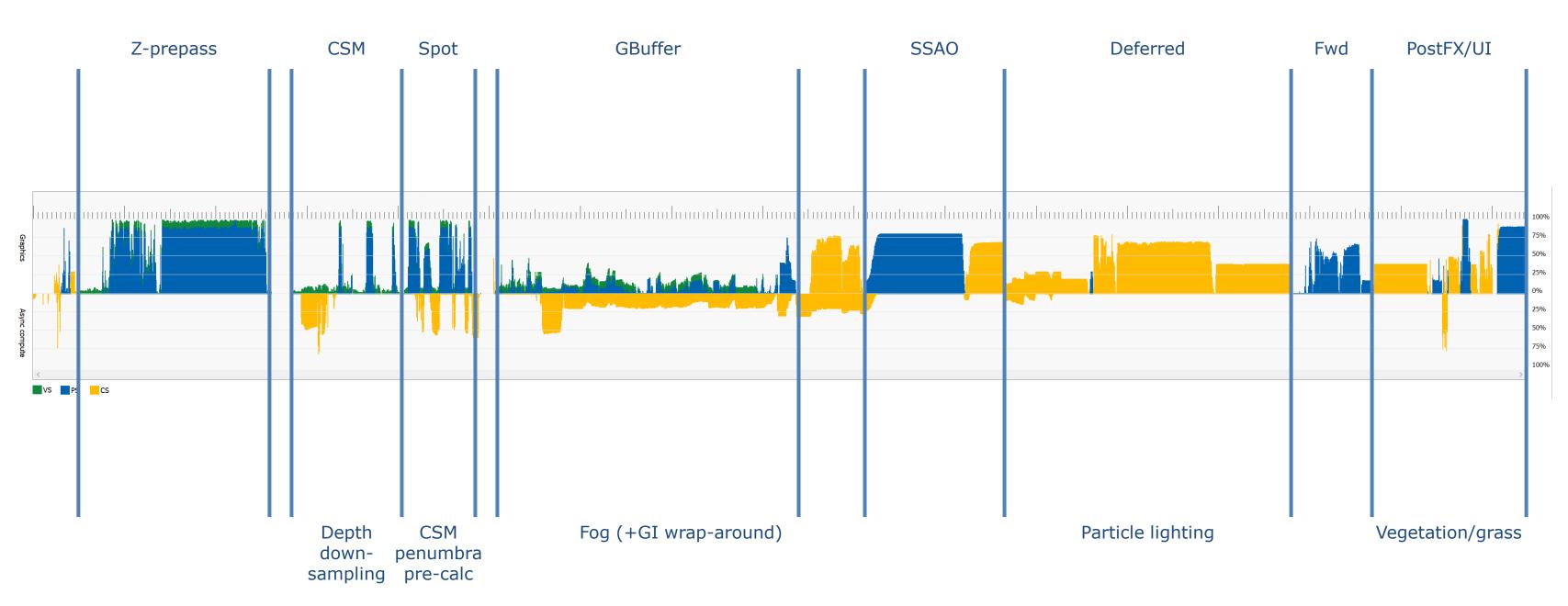


Focus of talk

Efficient submission of GPU workloads
Deferred command lists
Asynchronous compute
(Raul) AMD DevTech and collaboration









Overall pipeline

- CPU/render/GPU work interleaved
- Submit early, submit often
 - No render graph or a priori knowledge of frame layout
- Automatic resource transition tracking
 - But with opt out (untracked)



Interesting frame numbers

- 50-60 submits
- 200 transitions/100 barriers
- 3-6K draws
- 3-6M primitives
- (Some vendors) More time spent submitting than building immediate command lists



Render core

- Handles non-command list operations
 - Resource creation:
 - •Buffers, pixel storages, textures, RTs, ...
 - Render state/PSO
- Manages render contexts
 - Graphics/compute/deferred/DMA



Render contexts

- DirectX[®] 11 like API for command list operations
- Resource binding based around enum'd slots
- Keeps internal cached state
- Each public context is paired with a worker thread + task queue
- Rendering is "just" posting tasks to the appropriate task queue



Rendering objects

- Encapsulated into render queues
 - Templatified on sorting strategy
- Can do three things
 - Prepare sort and group instances
 - Flush render objects
 - Reset



Filling a render queue

- Culling outputs a 32-bit mask for where to draw each object
 - Z-prepass, gbuffer, CSMs, ...
- Bitmask + object flags decide render queues
- We have 30+ render queues



Flushing a queue

- Setup render state for the entire queue
- Upload per-instance (4 uints) data to GPU
 - Single copy per render queue
- For each instance group:
 - Set PSO/buffers/VBs/IBs/...
 - DrawIndexedInstanced



Updating buffers

- All transient data
 - Copy into upload buffers
 - Then, copy into GPU-local buffer
- Shaders only read from GPU-local buffers!

Not faster, but more stable frame



Deferred command lists

- Handled by thread local deferred render contexts
- Recording done without transitions tracking
 - Liberal use of asserts on transitions/barriers to trap misuse
- Buffer uploads goes straight to DMA without waiting for the execute



Deferred command list example





Deferred command list example





Command list chaining

- Available on some consoles
- Allows executing a command list while it is being recorded
- Minimize risk of CPU stalling CPU and GPU
- Not available in DirectX® 12... ③

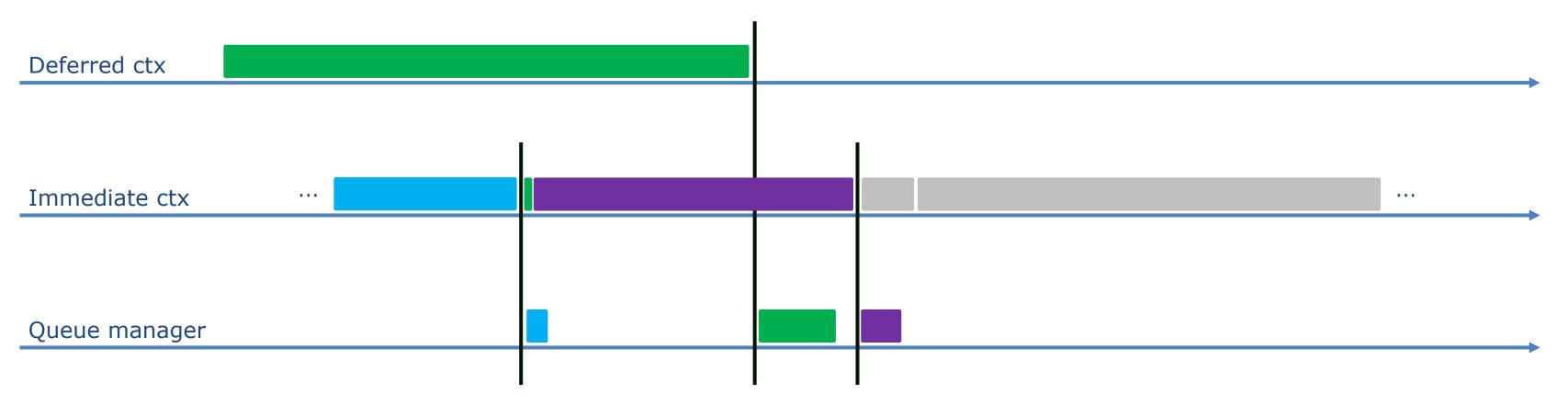


Solution: Emulate!!!

- Enter Queue Manager
- Handles command list operations
 - ExecuteCommandLists, Close, Reset
 - Hides CPU cost of those operations
- Has its own worker thread and task queues
- In effect: a custom driver thread ©



Queue manager example



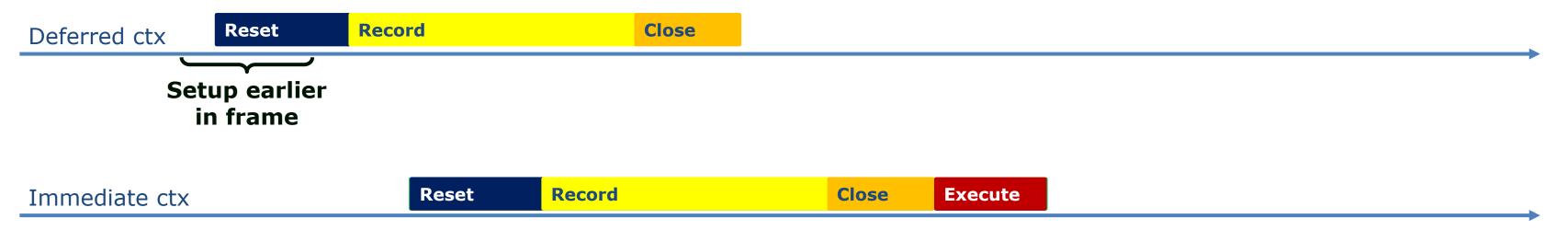


Queue manager

- Queue manager submits what it can
- Atomics to track command list state
 - Recording, open
- One queue per context
- Round-robins executes in priority order
 - Compute, Graphics, DMA



Queue manager details

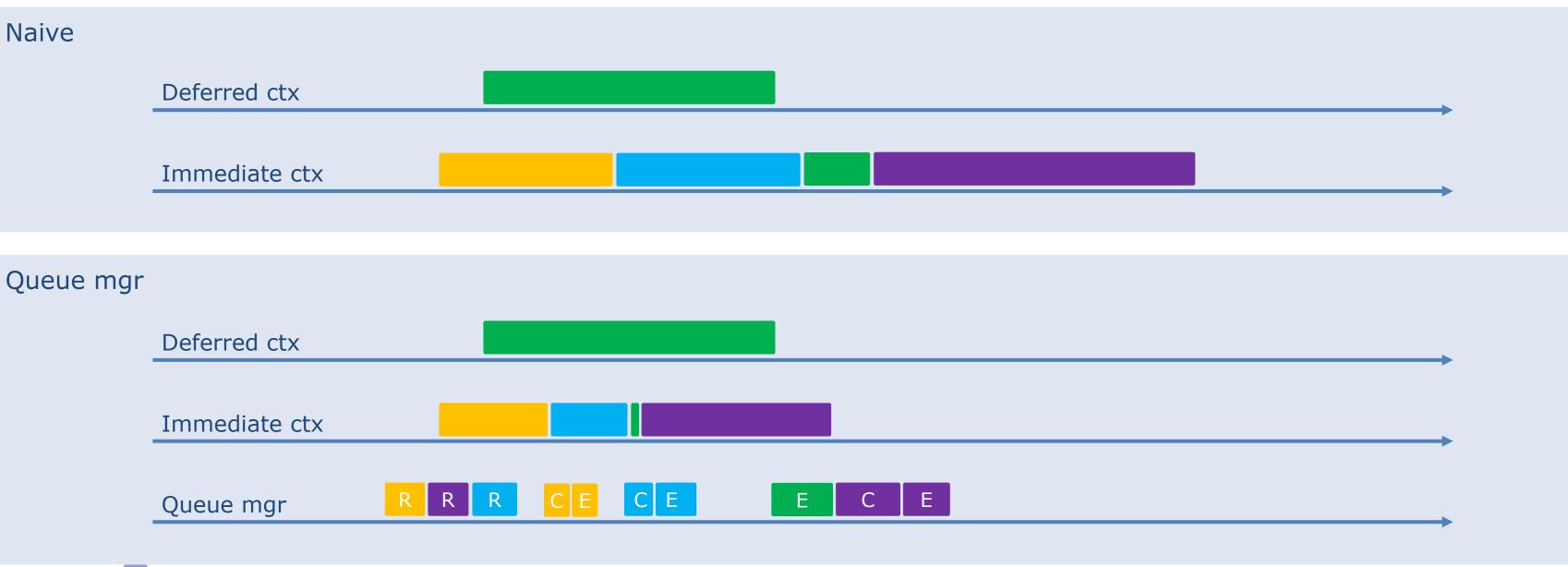


Queue manager

When idle



Queue manager comparison





Queue manager

- Eliminates most CPU stalls
- Speculatively prepares command lists
 - Avoids command list create/reset stalls
- Elide superfluous signal/waits



Async compute

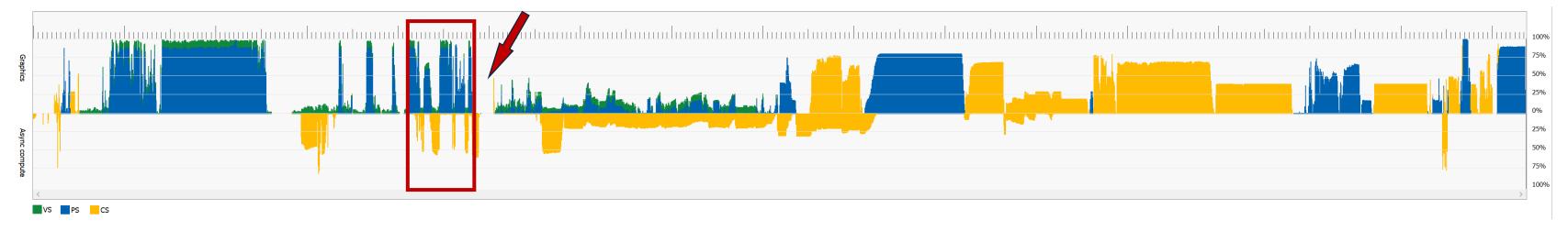
- Submits also handled by the queue manager
- 2 types of compute workloads
 - Dependent on gfx state
 - Independent
- Used for workloads that do not need to finish soon



Async compute examples

- Depth downsampling and light culling
- Fog and volumetrics
- Rain/snow GPU particles
- Sky coverage sampling
- Grass/vegetation updates
- Shadows (variable penumbra pre-calc)
- GI relighting





- Async compute is stalling the gfx pipe!
 - Can result in GPU under-utilization
- On consoles: limit async compute occupancy
- Not current possible on PC ⁽²⁾
 - D3D12_COMMAND_QUEUE_PRIORITY



Key takeaways

- Check time spent inside DirectX[®] 12
 - Maybe you need a driver thread too?
- Experiment with buffer upload patterns
- Look at your async compute behaviour!
 - Would low-prio workloads help you?
 - If so, help us push Microsoft + IHVs ©



AMD DevTech

- Helping devs get the most out of:
 - Tools
 - Driver
 - Hardware
 - Shader Compiler



Existing optimizations in Snowdrop

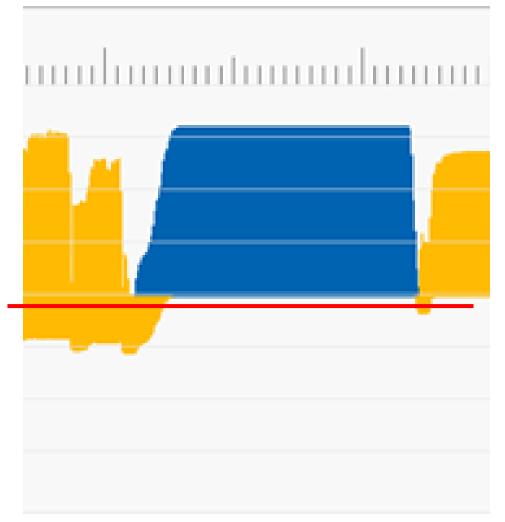
- Use SGPRs
- Optimized LODs
- Sorting by state
- Batching barriers
- Root signature order
- Use of async compute



- Async is awesome
- Can we do better?
- Typical usage is:
 - Graphics queue, for what I need ASAP
 - Async queue, for not time critical
- Problem: Async and Graphics queue may compete



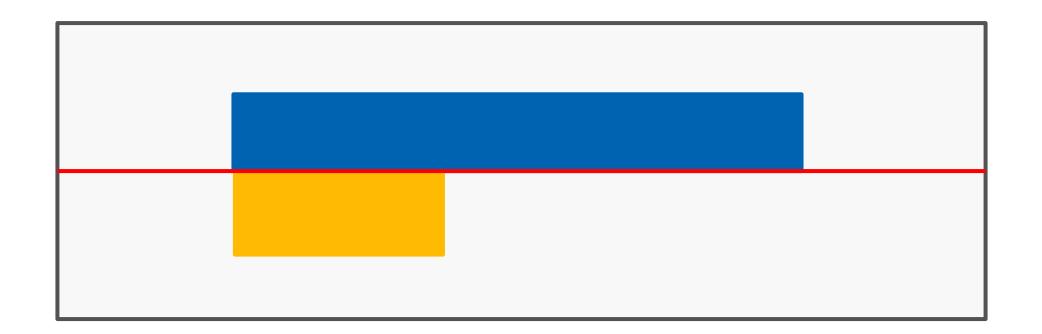
Competing for execution resources







Competing for cache





• Solution: Parallelize unalike workloads

Memory dominated	Shader Throughput	Geometry dominated
Shadow Mapping ROP heavy workloads Many Gbuffer operations DMA operations: - Texture upload - Heap defrag	Deferred lighting (usually) Many Postprocessing effects Most compute tasks: -Texture compression -Physics -Simulation	Rendering highly detailed modules



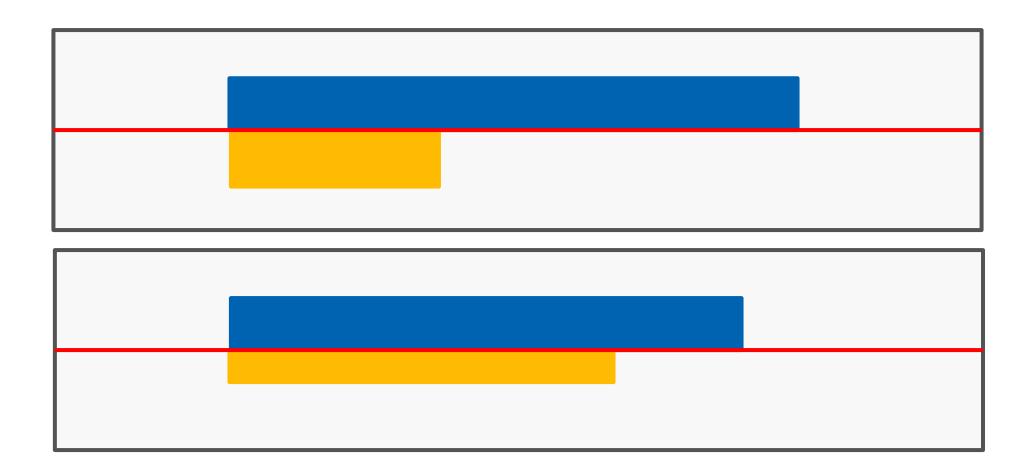
Ongoing research

- Interest from several developers
- Expose a way to slow down the async pipe
- Still experimenting...
- Results are so far are exciting!
- PC is tricky



Ongoing research

Competing for cache







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