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Game Developers Conference®

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# Game Scoring Futures

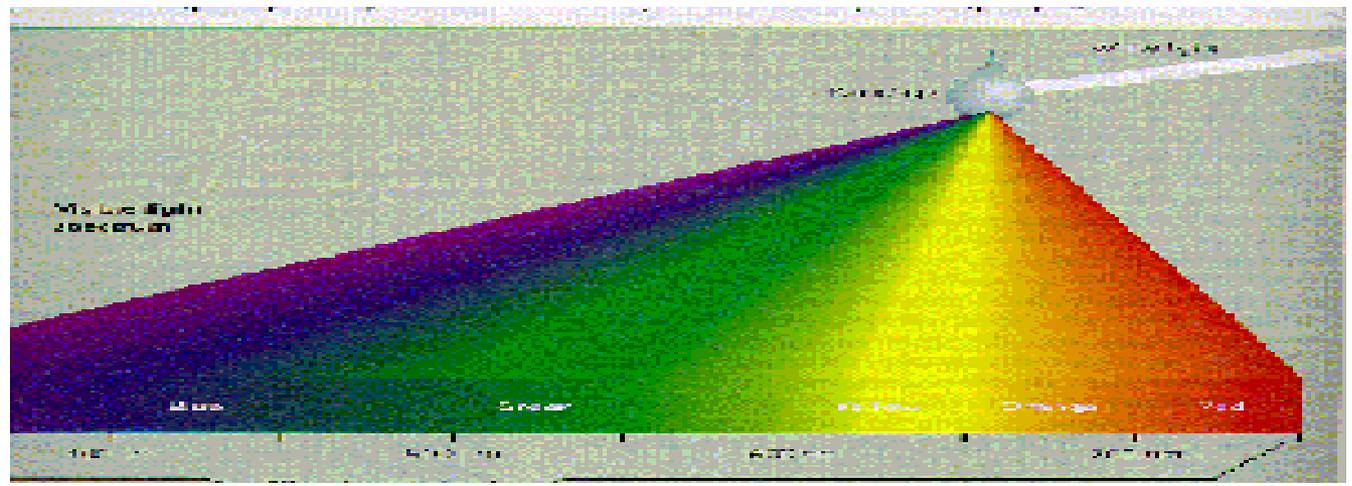
*Where are we headed  
and what's it all for anyway?*

Guy Whitmore  
Director of Audio  
Microsoft Game Studios

# A Game Score Can...

- » Appropriately convey and elicit the desired emotion(s) of an ever changing game
- » Give a sense of flow to the game experience
- » Remain interesting and fresh over the course of extended game-play
- » Assist in driving the motivations and engagement of the player

# The Spectrum of Adaptability



Pre-rendered music

Game-rendered music

# The Current State of the Art

## ...And Some Sweeping Generalizations

- » Content is typically pre-rendered audio files
  - Stereo 3-6 minute cues/songs most common
  - Layered or short sections occasional
- » High production values
- » Live orchestra and instruments common
- » Composition skill excellent overall
- » *Implementation very basic*

# Put the 'Score' Back In Game Scoring

No More Excuses!

The tools are here and widely available

- » Audiokinetic – Wwise
- » Firelight Technologies – FMOD
- » Microsoft – XACT
- » Somatone - CADI



# The Infancy of Music Design

...we're barely toddling

## A music design includes

- » A clear aesthetic for the music style and direction
- » An interactive strategy and plan
  - Game to music engine ties (and visa versa)
    - ⊕ What aspects of the game effect the music and in what way?
  - Spotting strategy
    - ⊕ Where and at what points during the game will music play?
  - Music architecture
    - ⊕ What is the makeup of the delivered music and how will the pieces fit together?
- » A technology plan
  - Audio engine and Feature needs
  - Memory and CPU requirements
- » A cue/asset list

# Game parameter to music engine ties

Still a gap here, both technically and creatively

- » A logic layer between game parameters and music engine?
  - Get it in the hands of music designers (good UI)
- » Make your score air tight (and bug free)
- » Play-test the *golden path*, but also *play at the edges*
- » Each game is unique and a multitude of approaches will arise, but a group of common scoring templates and methods may evolve
  - Much like a film scoring language has developed

# Don't Be Blinded

...By Your Own Amazing Plan

*In theory, there is no difference between theory and practice. In practice, there is.*  
-Yogi Berra

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Let your ears be the final arbitors!

# How Far Can We Stretch Recorded Audio?

...which is still underutilized.

- » Edit into much smaller chunks  
Phrases and measures
- » Edit into stems or layers
- » Run-time time stretching/compression and pitch shifting
- » More run-time DSP



# The Limits of Recorded Audio

- » Pitching and stretching cause artifacting and is CPU heavy
- » DSP is typically 'baked in'
  - Makes seamless transitions more difficult
  - Less opportunities to link DSP to game parameters
- » Smallest practical duration is about 1 measure or 2-4 seconds
- » Instrument level variation more challenging
- » Harmonic adaptability very limited
- » Rhythmic flexibility limited

# The Rebirth of MIDI

...Where Did It Go?

*The move away from MIDI over the last decade.*

- » Ditched in the name of higher production values  
“CD Quality”, “Filmic”, “Live Orchestra”
- » Inertia: composers familiar with traditional/linear approach to composition.  
Mixed in the studio, then handed off, just like their other gigs
- » Lack of tools for interactive music  
The few that existed were proprietary

# The Rebirth of MIDI

## ...Hey Wait a Minute. Why MIDI?

- » Was and still is used for its small memory footprint
  - FMOD and the iPhone
  - Nintendo DS and Wii
- » Further to the right on the 'spectrum of adaptability'
- » MIDI data is much more flexible (as data) than wave files and easier to manipulate in an interactive score.
  - Note level access
  - Harmonic and melodic malleability
  - Rhythmic flexibility
  - Orchestration changes are simple
  - Continuous controllers

# What (standard) MIDI Lacks

...that would benefit an interactive toolset

- » Inherent intro/outro deliniation  
i.e. pickups and endings
- » A harmonic/chord map  
Analogous to the conductor track
- » Variation within instrument tracks
- » A way to group MIDI files into a music set or song

# IXMF

Interactive eXtensible Music Format

*Interactive XMF is intended to be an open-standard, cross-platform means for audio artists to bundle audio content files with general information and audio implementation instructions.*

-the IASIG web site [www.iasig.org](http://www.iasig.org)

# Sound Generators

...making MIDI sound oh so good!

*It's all about run-time* this time

» Software samplers

DLS2 standard

Rights issues and sample sets

» Software synthesizers

Analog modeling, FM, Wavetable

Physical modeling, Granular

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Synths and Sample Sets ...for run-time environments!

*Wouldn't it be cool if you could use the same soft-synths and sample sets in-game that you use in your studio?*

What will this market look like?

- » Publishers/developers licensing Soft-synths directly
- » Audio engine companies including soft-synths in their offerings
- » Soft-synth companies gain a 'new market'
- » Sample collections optimized for game-scoring needs.  
License terms accommodated to meet in-game use

# A Revolution in Harmonic Adaptability?

...Not Quite Yet

We are currently on the ground floor, but where are we headed?

- » Melodies/phrases that fit over changing harmonic passages
- » Harmonic variation –
  - Adapting harmonies to fit game-play/mood
  - Changing harmonic content simply for variation
- » Tech trends on the horizon
  - Harmonic-maps
  - Harmonic and Melodic analysis
    - ⊕ Celemony Melodyne
    - ⊕ Songsmith



# A Word About Algorithmic Music

Al-go-rithm *-noun*: a set of rules for solving a problem in a finite number of steps

- » In creating a basic interactive score, you're already creating a music algorithm of sorts
- » Wide use of advanced algorithmic music a ways off

*Spore* is a notable exception

Lots of work in academia that could cross-over to games.

# The Elephant in the Game-room

## ...Fear of Adaptive Scoring

Why do many composers hold apprehension or even hostility towards greater adaptability in music?

- » "It's hard!" ...yes it is.  
It's conceptually very different than linear composition
- » "There aren't any rules." ...create them.  
That's half the fun of this nascent industry
- » "I'll lose control of my music!" ...not really.  
Rather than creating a single path for your music to follow (linear), you're creating a purposeful set of parameters for your music to play within.

# Community

- » Add to the Interactive Audio WIKI  
<http://www.iasig.org/wiki>  
Work flow examples  
Case studies
- » G.A.N.G forums
- » List serves



# Questions?

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