GDC



A Narrative Approach to Level Design



Level Designer, Ubisoft: Studio SF

@joliemenzel







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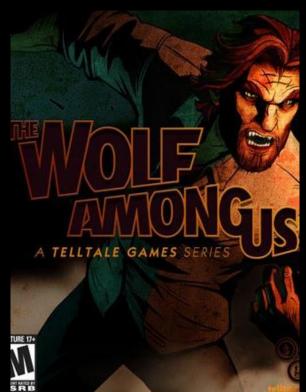


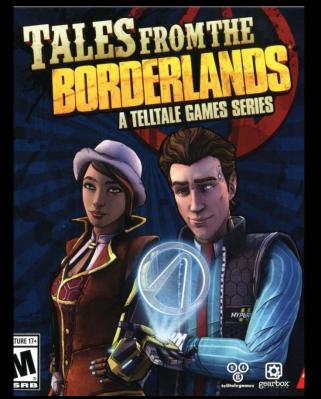














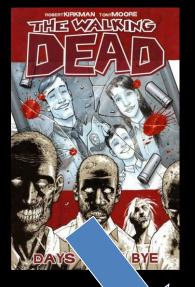


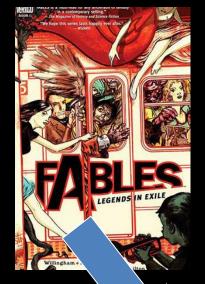




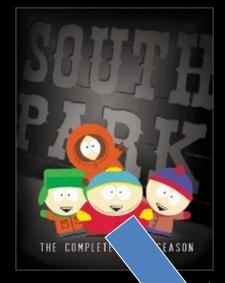
A Narrative Approach to Level Design

- Using story as the true vision for gameplay
- •Treating games as a storytelling medium: <u>Gameplay and storytelling are one and the same.</u>
- Examining story themes and expressing them through game design.

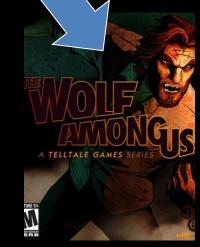


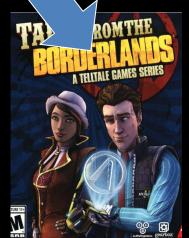


















How do I make this game/level/mission/combat feel like (X)?



Indiana Jones: Raiders of the Lost Arc (1981)



Uncharted 2: Among Thieves (2009)



The Lost World: Jurassic Park (1997)



Uncharted 2: Among Thieves (2009)



Mission Impossible (1996)



Uncharted 2: Among Thieves (2009)



James Bond: Tomorrow Never Dies (1997)



Uncharted 2: Among Thieves (2009)



Road to El Dorado (2000)

Uncharted 2: Among Thieves (2009)





What makes a Narrative?

WHY Theme

WHO Characters

WHERE Setting

WHAT Plot and events

WHEN Time of events (relative to each other)

HOW Presentation





Twelve terrorists. One cop.
The odds are against John McClane...
That's just the way he likes it.

BRUCE WILLIS

WHY
WHO
WHERE
WHAT
WHEN
HOW



WHY **WHO** WHERE **WHAT WHEN HOW**

Masculinity

Love

Greed

Duty

Humility



WHY McClane

WHO Hans Gruber

WHERE Holly

WHAT Sgt Powell

WHEN the terrorists

HOW

WHY
WHO
WHERE
WHAT
WHEN
HOW

Los Angeles

Nakatomi Plaza

Unfinished floors

Elevator shafts

Opulent board rooms

Roof and Helipad

Verticality

Vertigo

Claustrophobia

Isolation

Christmas

WHY

WHO
WHERE
WHAT
WHEN

After coming to LA to patch things up with his wife, McClane attempts to save her and the Nakatomi employees that were taken hostage by a group of German terrorists.

WHY
WHO
WHERE
WHAT
WHEN
HOW

Linear storylines

Parallel storytelling

Slow, suspenseful moments

Quick ramp into and out of action

WHY
WHO
WHERE
WHAT
WHEN
HOW

Suspense
Action scenes
Irreverent moments of humor
Omnipotent point of view





WHY Theme

WHO Characters

WHERE Setting

WHAT Plot and events

WHEN Time of events

HOW Presentation

Game Variables

Story Constants







WHY Theme

WHO Characters

WHERE Setting

WHAT Plot and events → MECHANICS

WHEN Time of events → PACING

HOW Presentation → **TONE**







Plot and Mechanics

WHAT Plot and events → MECHANICS

Methods by which the player interacts with the game.
Methods by which the

Methods by which the player <u>experiences the</u> <u>story.</u>



Mechanics are largely defined by **genre**







Simulation





Pacing

WHEN Time of events → **PACING** (Rhythm, Tempo)

Rate of activity or movement, the flow of the gameplay Rate of activity or movement, the flow of the story





Controlling Pace

How hard is the player being pushed to move forward vs. to stay put?

Movement Incentive vs Movement Deterrent

Movement Incentives:

- Threat
- Objective
- Movement
- Time limits











Controlling Pace

How hard is the player being pushed to move forward vs. to stay put?

Movement **Incentive** vs Movement **Deterrent**

Movement Incentives:

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- Objective
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- Time limits

Movement Deterrents:

- Tension (perceived threat)
- Obstacles
- Change in gameplay/movement
 - Puzzles, dialogue choices











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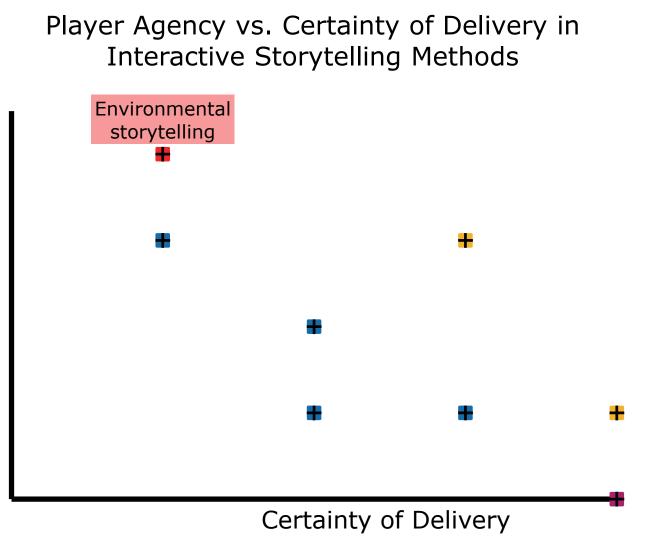




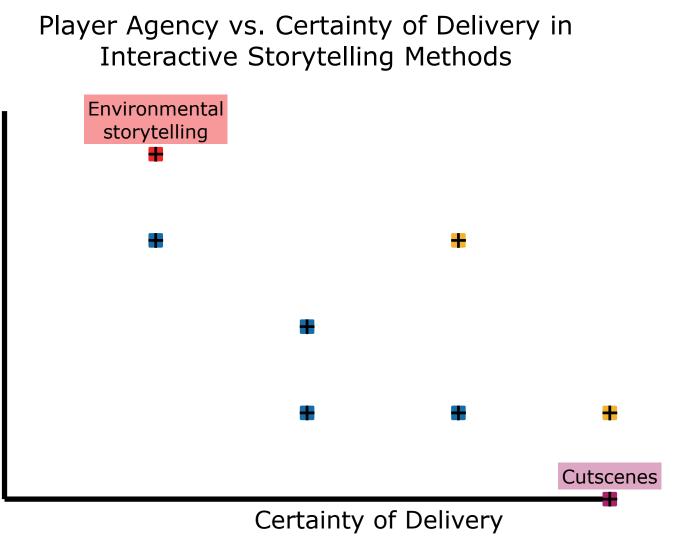
Pacing in Storytelling Methods

Allow for gameplay **Player Agency**Tell the story **Certainty of Delivery**

- Cutscenes: High certainty, Low agency
- Environmental Storytelling: Low certainty, High agency
- Triggered Dialogue: Variable Certainty, Variable Agency
- Narrative Systems: High certainty, High agency

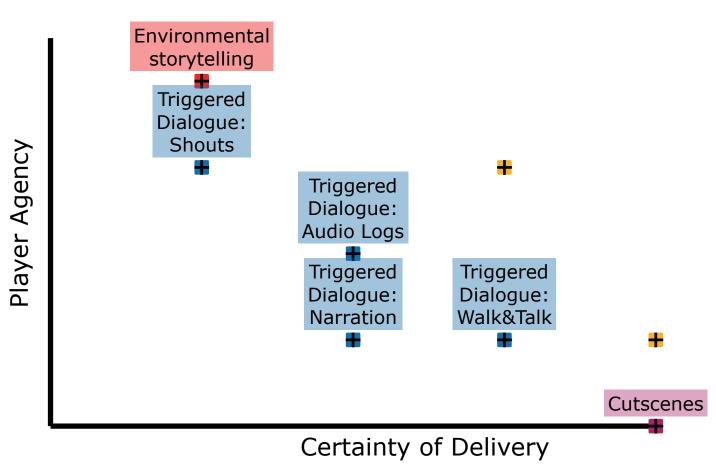


Player Agency

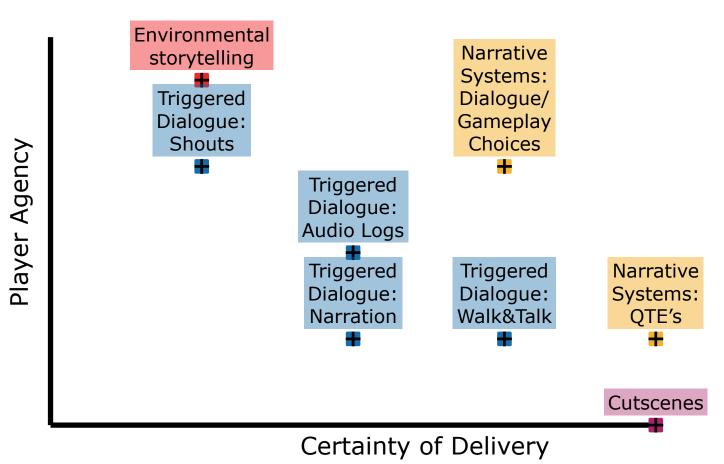


Player Agency

Player Agency vs. Certainty of Delivery in Interactive Storytelling Methods

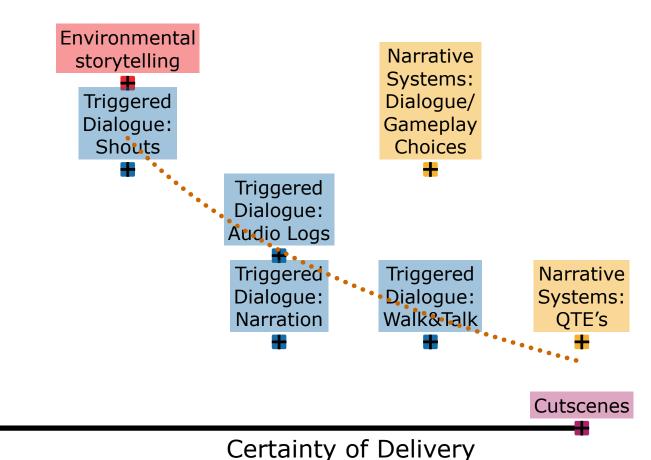


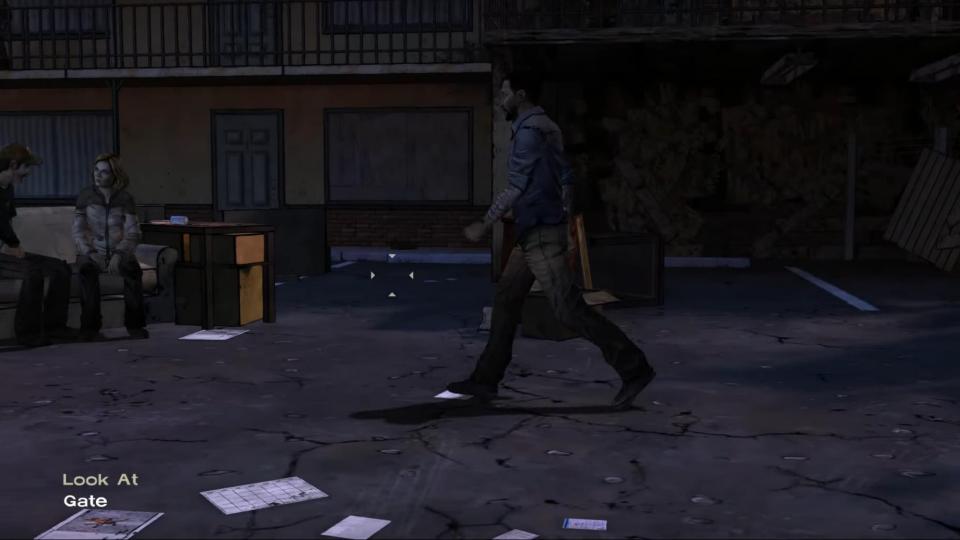
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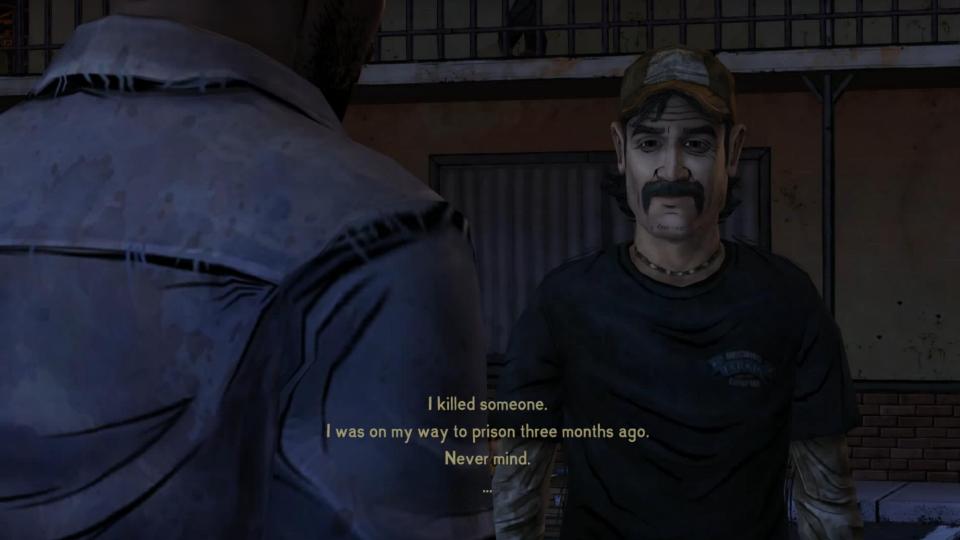


Player Agency [—]

Player Agency vs. Certainty of Delivery in Interactive Storytelling Methods

















Tone

HOW Presentation -> **TONE**

Style or manner of expression. How the **THEME** is approached. How the **FEELING** is attained.





Setting the Tone

- Cameras and viewpoint
- Lighting
- Color Pallet
- Writing (characters, menus, UI)
- Character Performance (acting, VO)
- Music and SFX

Presentation of your theme















Saints Row: The Third (2011)















Twelve terrorists. One cop.
The odds are against John McClane...
That's just the way he likes it.

BRUCE WILLIS



PlayStation TM 5030932017123







Die Hard (PS1)

WHY Masculinity - Violence

WHO McClane

WHERE Nakatomi Plaza

WHAT Kill bad guys

WHEN Linear, singular storyline, constant flow

HOW 3rd Person wide shot, quippy, constant action, fast-paced action music















Die Hard: Elevator Shaft

WHY Masculinity (following your gut)

WHO McClane, Karl

HOW

WHERE Elevator shaft and vents

WHAT Escape and Outwit the terrorists

WHEN Linear, fast action mixed with slower, tense moments

Suspense and danger: tight cameras, tense music, personal moments with McClane; moments of levity via McClane





Die Hard: Elevator Shaft

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Die Hard: Elevator Shaft what/MECHANICS

STORY

GAMEPLAY

Escape and Outwit the terrorists

Escape:

Running, finding cover

Outwit:

Stealth, puzzles









Die Hard: Elevator Shaft **WHEN/PACING**

STORY

Fast action mixed with slower, tense moments

GAMEPLAY

Fast moments:

Cutscenes, QTEs

Slow, tense moments:

Env storytelling, Shouts





Die Hard: Elevator Shaft **HOW/PRESENTATION**

STORY

GAMEPLAY

Suspense and danger:
tight cameras
tense music
personal moments
moments of levity

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