Lima Oscar Delta!

SCALING CONTENT IN CALL OF DUTY: MODERN WARFARE

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Agenda

- Intro
- Motivation
- Offline LOD processing
- Model packaging
- Runtime LOD processing
- World proxy LOD's
- Conclusion











- Modern Warfare
- F+ renderer
- Game units = inches
- Frontend geometry processing on the GPU [Aaltonen/Haar 2015]
- Historically, streaming was limited to textures and audio
- Pushing content to the limits of modern consoles is the result of many technology and artistic efforts. This is just one of them.















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Global level optimization

- Offline crunching of all per-level lighting & geometry
- Game rendering != tools rendering









Call of Duty: Infinite Warfare (2016) 1.7m tris 2.1k models Call of Duty: Modern Warfare (2019) 3.8m tris 1.2k models



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GCN Quad efficiency [Drobot14]



Streamlining asset creation







High visual bar across all platforms







Level of Detail: Offline

AKA: INFANTRY TRAINING























Photogrammetry: Photos













Photogrammetry: Hi-res scans (>50M tris)











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Photogrammetry: In-game Assets









Automate the rest





First part: Figure out a solution for general purpose geometric reduction (aka. "the easy part")





LOD: Offline Second part: Everything else









How many LOD levels do we want?

- Support up to 5x additional discrete entries
- Wasteful to use all slots for all models.





What are our reduction targets?

• Verts/Tris

. . .

- Normal Variances
- Silhouette retention
- Stream important weights



When should we switch between LOD's?





How will this model be used in-game?

- Hero character
- Simple prop
- Periphery
- View model
- Structural











What about collision?

• Match a render LOD or something different







Is it possible to optimize for all of these?

- LOD Count
- Reduction Targets
- Switch Distances
- In-game context
- Collision



First attempt: automate everything!

1. Reduce mesh until its geometric deviation passed a certain threshold.



First attempt: automate everything!

2. Calculate the switch distance at which that threshold consumes a specific number of pixels.





First attempt: automate everything!

2. Calculate the switch distance at which that threshold consumes a specific number of pixels.



P = modelRadius * 2.0/D screenRatio = P/screenSize nearClipDist = 1.0/tan(fovRadians/2.0) bsphereTheta = tan⁻¹(screenRatio/nearClipDist) switchDist = modelRadius/sin(bsphereTheta)



First attempt: automate everything!

3. Skip LOD's whose generated switch distance is "too close" to a previous one.





First attempt: automate everything!

4. Repeat until a LOD is "too small" at a generated switch distance.





First attempt: automate everything!

- Made sense (to programmers).
- Deterministic perf & visuals
- Completely unintuitive to artists...





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

- Keep automatic generation of LOD settings, but only as a convenience.
- Allow artists to override pretty much everything, if desired.



Second attempt: Hybrid solution

1. Export some model geometry from a DCC tool





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

2. Create a new Model Asset in our Asset Management Tool





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

3. Kick off a background process that generates the "technically ideal" number of LOD's, switch distances, etc.




Second attempt: Hybrid solution

4. Use those values to seed the GUI form in the asset management tool



Second attempt: Hybrid solution

5. If the artist likes what they see, nothing more needs to be done. Otherwise, they can fine tune where desired





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

Provide visual, intuitive feedback to help gauge runtime efficiency

Decimation %

50% is the default for each Auto LOD. It is recommended to reduce more aggressively than 50% detail for each lod, whenever possible.

For Lod 1, try setting the Decimation to 40% instead of the default 50%.

• A smaller % number will reduce the verts more aggressively.

• A **higher** % number will reduce less aggressively (retains more detail per LOD). Setting **higher decimation** % numbers can be wasteful on memory, and is not recommended.





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

Provide visual, intuitive feedback to help gauge the runtime efficiency of a given LOD chain.





Second attempt: Hybrid solution

Curated whitebox level or tool dedicated completely to help in these tuning efforts.







Level of Detail: Packing

AKA: GEARING UP!





Split LOD's into individually streamable chunks





Object-space positional quantization

 $scale = \frac{(pos - boundsMid)}{boundsRadius}$ $mask = 0x1FFFFF \longleftarrow (21-bits per component)$

packedPos = clamp((scale * 0.5 + 0.5) * mask, 0, mask)



Promote rigidly animated surfaces to softskinned

LOD0 Bones: 16 Materials: 6 Surfaces: 16



LOD0 Bones: 16 Materials: 6 **Surfaces: 6**



Aggressive merging of geometry and materials

LOD0 Bones: 16 Materials: 6 **Surfaces: 6**



LOD0 Bones: 16 Materials: 4 Surfaces: 4



Stream Tree







Level of Detail: Runtime

AKA: OFF TO BATTLE!





All about the LOD selection

Use switch distances established offline?



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Authored switch distances





Small objects: Distance to pivot $\vec{D} = length(\vec{eye} - \vec{pos})$ **Large objects**: Distance to bounds $\vec{D} = length(max(|\vec{eye} - \vec{boundsMid}| - \vec{halfSize}, \vec{0}))$



LOD selection criteria: Authored switch distances





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Account for FOV changes

• Use vertical FOV to ensure same results regardless of display aspect ratio (4:3, 16:9, 16:10, ...).

$$tanHalfFovY = \left(\frac{9}{16}\right) * tanHalfFovX$$
$$invFovScale = \frac{tanHalfFovY}{\left(\frac{9}{16}\right) * tan(80.0 * 0.5)}$$
$$nvFovScale = tanHalfFovY * 2.11867305$$





LOD selection criteria

- Authored switch distances
- FOV scaling



LOD: Runtime Scene resolution scaling



Displayed at: 4k Authored at: 1080p



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Scene resolution scaling

nearClipDist = 1.0/tan(defaultFov/2.0)
screenRatio0 = targetScreenHeight/defaultScreenHeight
angle0 = tan⁻¹(screenRatio0/nearClipDist)
angle1 = tan⁻¹(1.0/nearClipDist)
sceneResScale = sin(angle1)/sin(angle0)

- Calculated once at boot
- defaultFOV = 65.0
- defaultScreenHeight = 1080.0



LOD: Runtime Scene resolution scaling









LOD selection criteria

- Authored switch distances
- FOV scaling
- Scene resolution



Vertex processing efficiency



vertexProcessingScale



LOD selection criteria

- Authored switch distances
- FOV scaling
- Scene resolution
- Vertex processing efficiency



General GPU Performance



GPU: 16.72ms



General GPU Performance

gpuPerfScale = mapToLogCurveWithHysteresis(gpuFrameTime)





General GPU Performance







LOD selection criteria

- Authored switch distances
- FOV scaling
- Scene resolution
- Vertex processing efficiency
- General GPU Performance





Budget-based biasing

- Skinned vertex limits
- Geometry pipeline limits

```
lodThreshold=[geoLimit*minPcnt, geoLimit*maxPcnt]
if ( curGeoUsage >= lodThreshold[0] )
{
    if ( geoBias == geoBiasStep )
        geoBias = 2.0* geoBiasStep
    else
        geoBias = geoBiasStep
}
else if (curGeoUsage >= lodThreshold[1] )
        geoBias = max( geoBias - geoBiasDecay*dT, 0.0 )
```

Ramp up/down Lod Bias each frame





LOD selection criteria

- Authored switch distances
- FOV scaling
- Scene resolution
- Vertex processing efficiency
- General GPU Performance
- Budget-based biasing



LOD selection criteria

lodDist
= ||D|| * invFovScale * scenResScale
* vertexProcessingScale * gpuPerfScale
+ geoBias



Additional Considerations



LOD: Runtime Reject small objects








LOD: Runtime Reject small objects







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Procedural motion





LOD: Runtime Static models – keep it fair







LOD: Runtime Static models – keep it fair



Streaming





Additional Considerations

- Reject small objects
- Procedural motion
- Static models keep it fair
- Streaming



Ship it?





AKA: ALL OUT WAR!



"Warzone" overview

- 200-players
- Ground and air vehicles
- 120x the area of most 10v10 maps but equally as dense
- Long sightlines







- "Warzone" problem #578: too many small draws (GPU)
- "Warzone" problem #898: too many subpixel triangles (GPU)
- "Warzone" problem #976: too many visible models (CPU)



A single model that represents a world grid cell. It is a remeshing of all constituent bits of static geometry in that cell.









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Automation FTW again

Level Reeditor mesher

Game



- Input: 1000's of unique models, other world geometry, and materials. 10's of millions of triangles!
- Output: A pair of models, each with a single material. They represent medium and far distance versions of the world cells.







Hurdles

- Matching material model
- Handling building interiors
- Transparent surfaces
- Trees
- Large objects
- Small objects
- Small objects that make up large objects
- Caching
- New HW (+specs)







Conclusion

AKA: MISSION COMPLETE!



Conclusion

- A robust set of tools is crucial for creating geometric content that strikes the appropriate balance of runtime visual and performance targets.
- Core behaviors of these tools need to be ironed out early not only for efficiency, but to instill confidence in artists that they're not working with a moving target.
- These tools should guide artists with actionable feedback, not force their hand.
- Optimal runtime geometric LOD selection should be based off a number of dynamic criteria – not just distance from camera.
- Largescale world LOD'ing has a different set of requirements to balance against.
- Since all the inputs to world LOD'ing have been fine-tuned, it's desirable for this process to be (almost) fully automated.



Thank you!

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Questions?

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