

Finding Harmony in Anime Style and Physically Based Rendering

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Introduction

- NetEase Games TianXia Division
- From 2014 – now
- Technical lead
- Game Engine & Graphics Development
- Online mobile games



| Extraordinary Ones: Mirage



| Outline

Background knowledge on Anime Style

- Typical characteristics
- Cel Shading and its limitation
- Possibility of combining PBR with Cel Shading

Our goals and approaches

- The render pipeline
- Lighting, shadow and customized shading models
- LookDev

Conclusions

| Anime Art Style



from *"Kaguya-sama: Love Is War"*

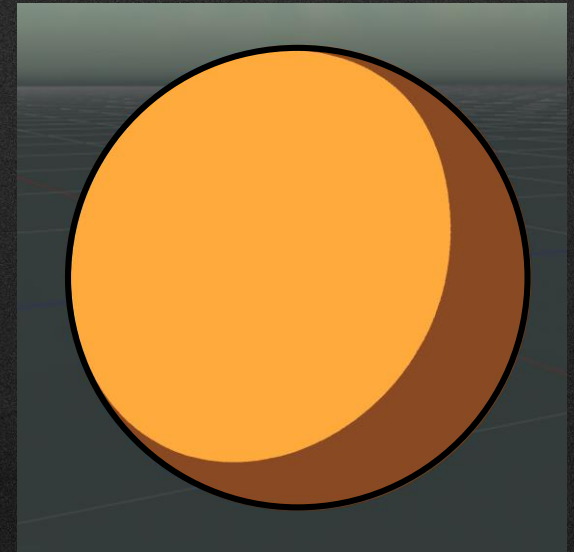
| 2D Sprites

- 100% controlled by concept artists
- Sliced sprites with morph animation and texture switching
- Unified lighting from scene ambient map
- Performance friendly
- Local lights
- 2D Rigging



| Cel Shading

- Given base color & shadow color
- Step threshold by $N \cdot \text{Dot} L$
- Outline by edge detection or procedural geometry silhouetting



| Cel Shading Character Details

- Fixed or per-character lighting
- Ramp(lookup) texture or smoothstep function
- Modified vertex normal for lighting
- Smooth normal for outline expansion
- Pre-integrated facial shadow
- Matcap specular lighting
- Rim light by edge detection
- Customized tone mapping color enhancement
- ...



"Extraordinary Ones: MOBA"

| Cel Shading Limitations

- Suitable for character
- Limit the environment design
- Hard to present complex scene
- No uniform standard
- Hard to introduce advanced modern rendering techniques



| Physically Based Rendering

- Photorealistic rendering
- Decoupling material and lighting
- Abundant material expression quantitatively
- Standardized production process

Integrate With Complex Materials



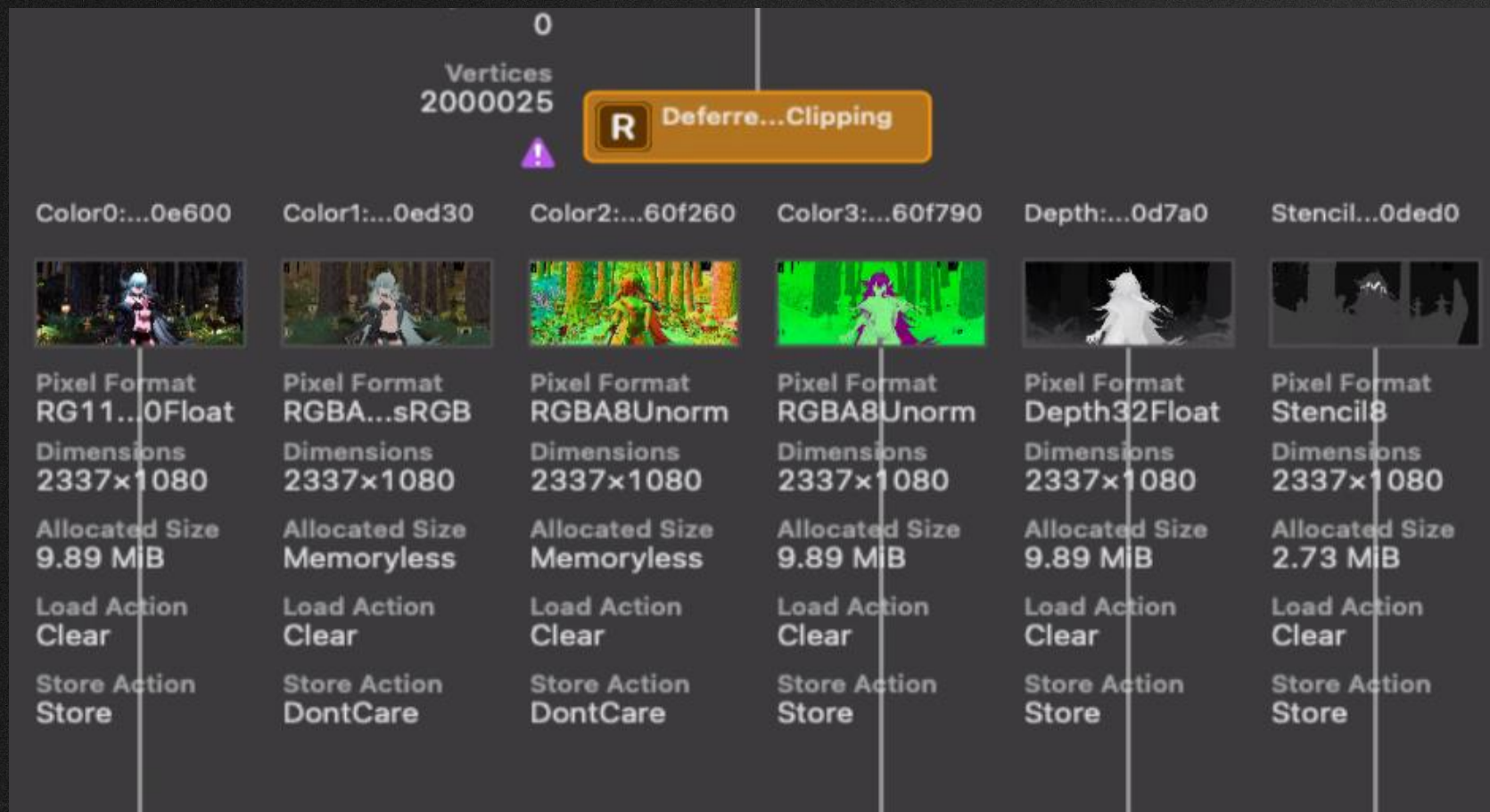
| Goal

- Combine anime style and PBR
- Variety of materials suit all lighting environment
- Introduce modern rendering technologies
- Flexible to mobile and PC

| Our Approach

- Under photorealistic deferred shading framework
- Special shading models for character
- Custom techniques to improve anime style
- Build in-game lookdev pipeline for character and environment

| GBuffer Layout



GBufferA[R11G11B10]

: SceneColor.rgb

GBufferB[R8G8B8A8_SRGB]

: BaseColor.rgb, Metallic

GBufferC[R8G8B8A8]

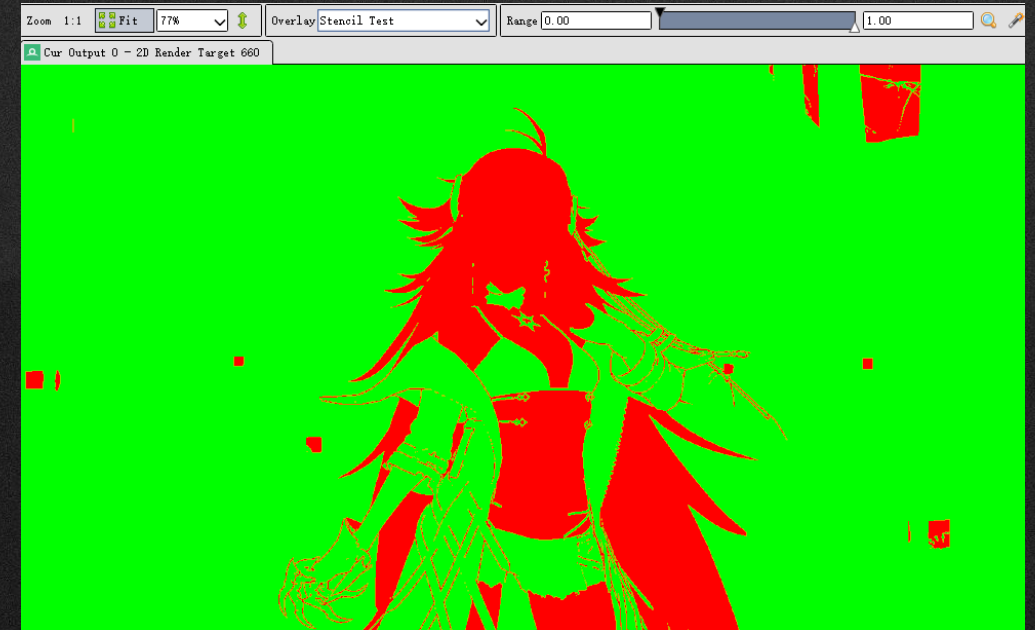
: N.xyz, Roughness

GBufferD[R8G8B8A8]

: ShadingModelID, GILightingLum(CustomData), LinearDepth.xy

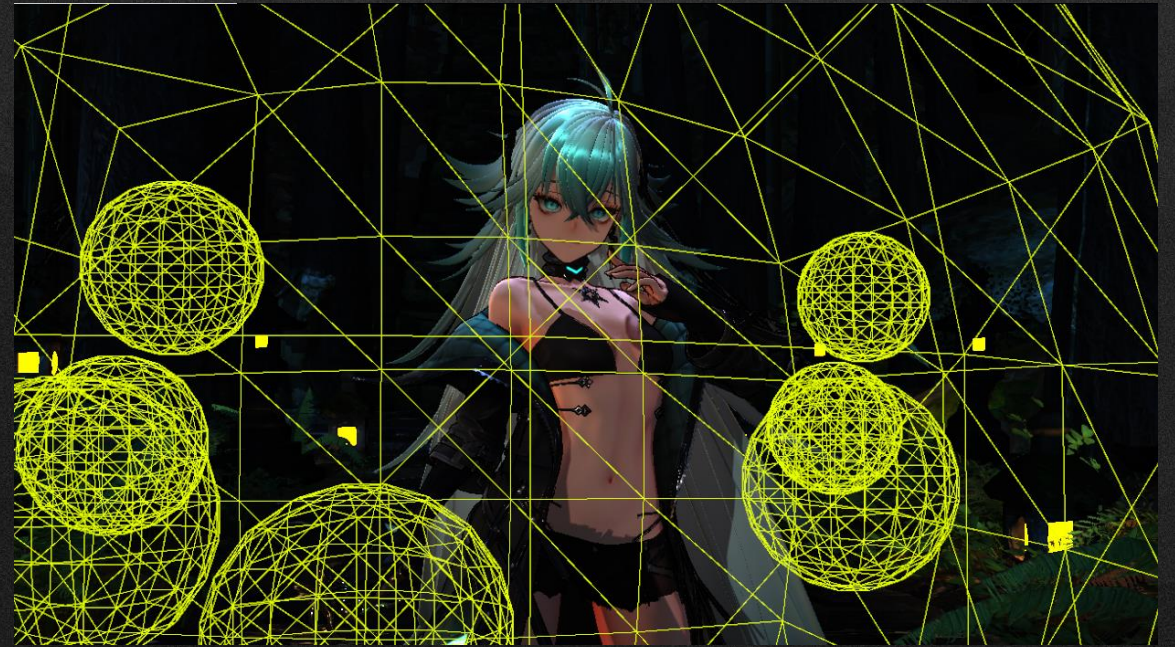
| Main Light

- Hybrid Forward + Deferred lighting
- GBuffer Gen
 - StaticLighting: LightMap, LightProbe
 - Emission
 - Anime Shading Models
 - Hair, Skin, Eyes, ...
 - Indirect + direct main light
- Stencil mask for forward-shaded
- Sample CSM, EnvMap, ReflectionMap



| Dynamic Light

- Point/Spot/Rect lights in single subpass
- Sample cached shadowmap
- Batched simple point lights
- Raster order groups

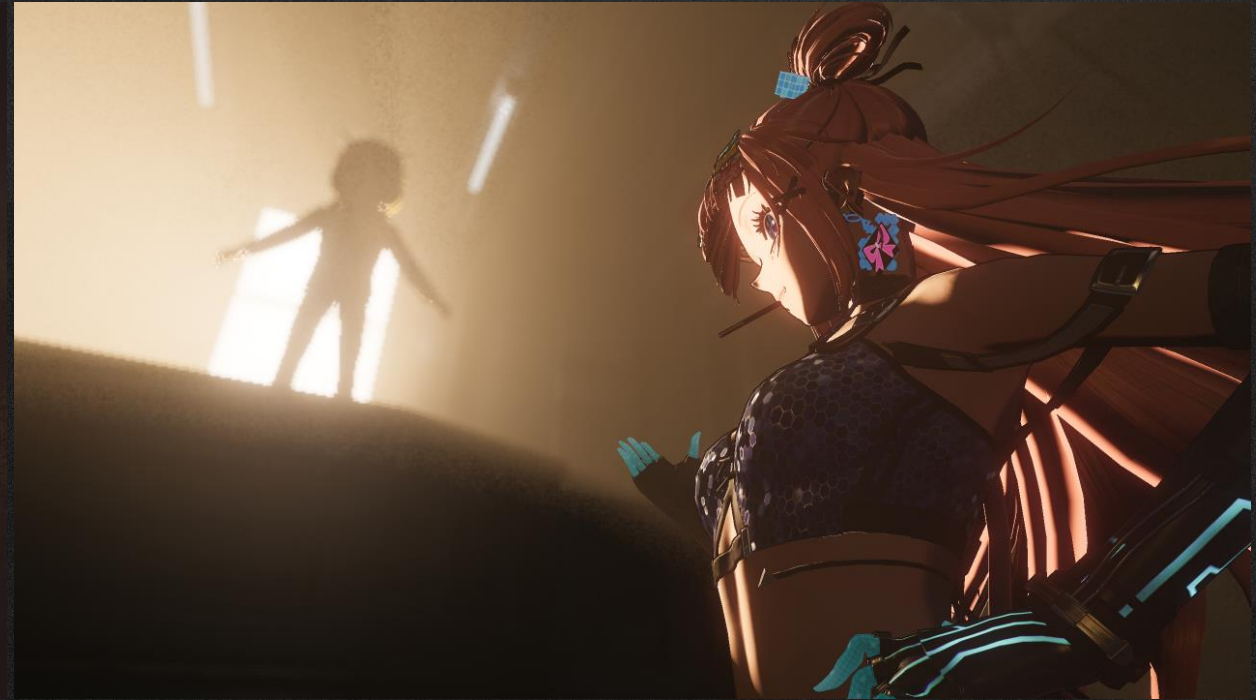


| Flat Face

- Shift normal to face vector
- Curve intensity texture controllable by artist
- Works with multiple local lights
- Lower degree of spherical harmonics



| Light Leak



| Reweighted Light

- Wrapped irradiance for non-shadow local lights in BxDF
- Statistical coverage precomputation for main light



| Reweighted Light



Manipulate Skin Color



Manipulate Skin Color

- Hard transition from light to dark
- Shift hue by the luminance of direct light
- Increase saturation for dark area and the edge by all light saturation
- Structural detail enhancement



|Shadow

- CSM
- Self-shadow hierarchical relationship
- Extremely high quality for close-ups
- Hard-outlined shadow



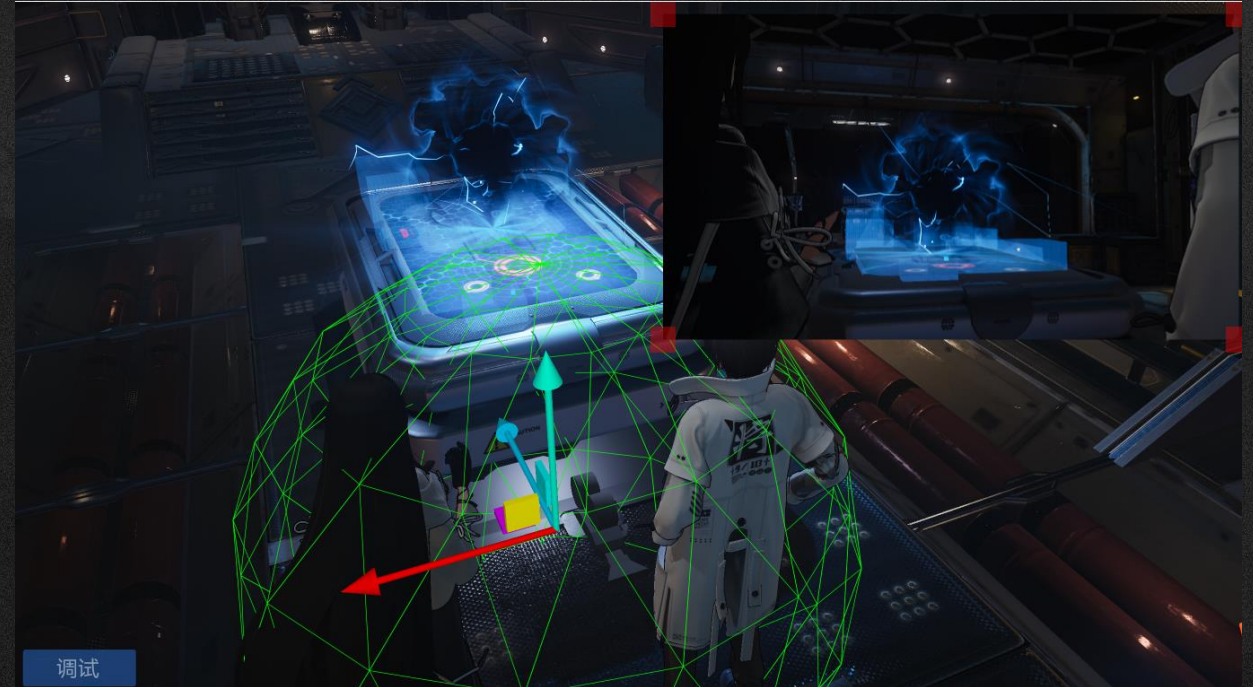






| Adaptive Shadow System

- For cutscenes
- Frame pivot bone capsules in screen space
- Adjust center and size of frustum
- One click for edge cases



Hair Shadow Proxy

- Work with TOD
- Same skinning data
- Slight vertex position offset
- Fetch GBuffer and recalculate indirect light only
- Ambient occlusion



Partial Shadow

- Shadow from environment
- Unified in-shadow value for face
- Precomputed shadow mask for each face with a generated polygon
- 8 floats for each pixel:
 - *nose_pos, radius, face_dir, is_same_character*
- Temporal shadow transition

Cur Output 0 - 2D Render Target 855



| Hair Anisotropic Specular

- Kajiya-Kay model
- Single shinny headband for any local lights
- Light-irrelevant specular mask in GBuffer

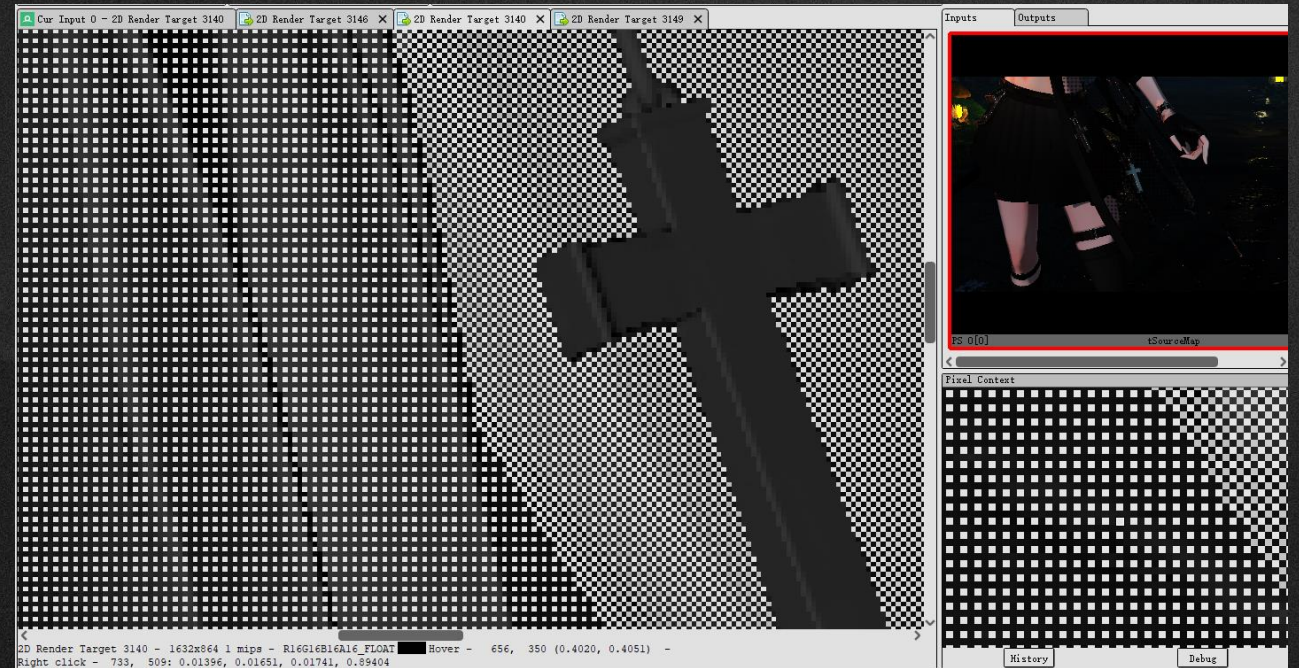


| See-Through Hair



- Conveying personality
- Programmable blending in GBuffer
- Separate blend mode

Multi-layered Transparency



- Translucent materials with consistent lighting
- Shading model ID with dither patterns
- Correct multi-layer blending in convolution blur
- Stencil masked merge

| Silhouette Lines

- Extrude normal in clip space
- Consider render target size
- Smoothed vertex normal in color
- Edgeline filling in GBuffer for lighting and post processes
- Work with TAA (Velocity Buffer)



Adaptive Facial Modifier



- Non-perspective projection
- Poses setup from fixed angles
- Adjust facial matrices



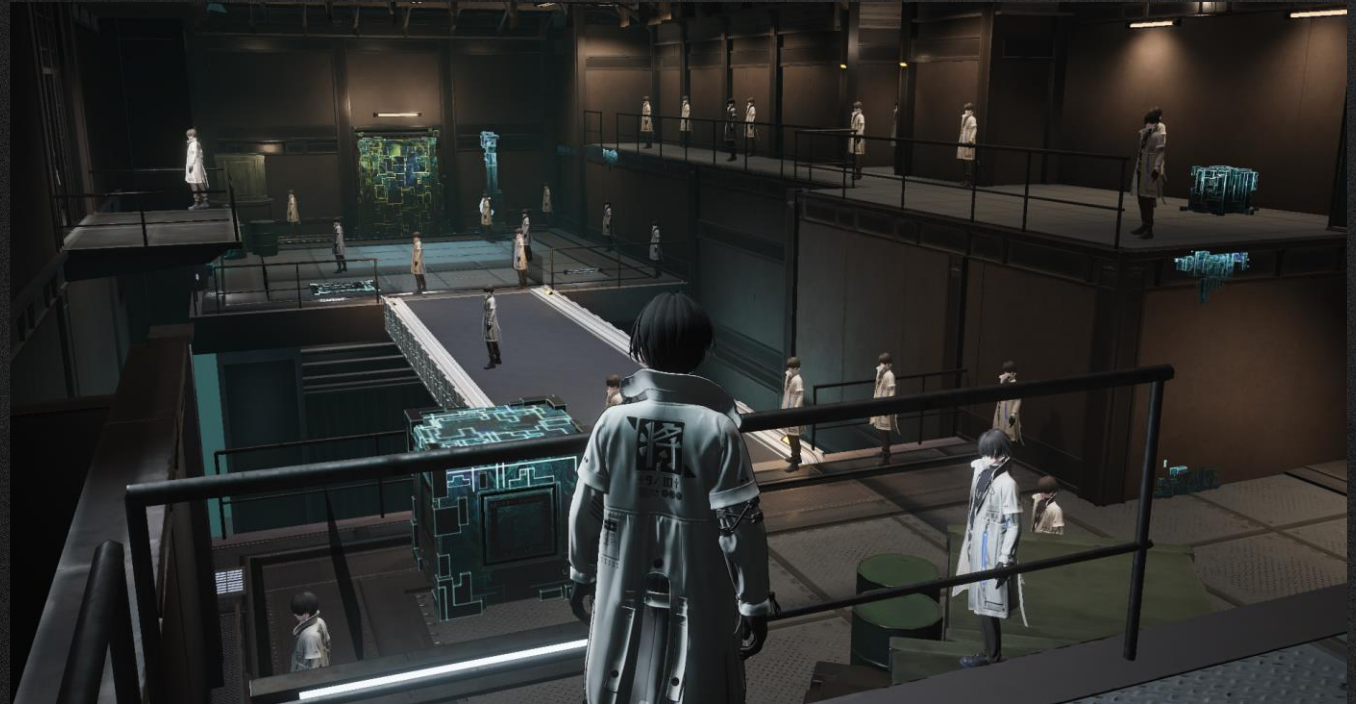
In-game LookDev Pipeline



- For new character and environment assets validation
- Singleton check: Harmonious of various shading models coexistence in all environments
- Parade check: Harmonious of multiple characters in the same picture

| In-game LookDev Pipeline

- Pile characters on top of navmesh
- Rotation or random animations
- Update with camera touring for large levels
- Definite feedback



| Summary

- Different approaches of anime style visual creation.
- Key techniques to build anime style notable features.
- Inspirations on stylized rendering.



What makes characters feel like they are anime?



Sprites and Cel Shading.
Limitations.



Render pipeline, lighting, shadow,
custom shading models, animation
and lookdev.

THANKS FOR WATCHING

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